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Search Results - Record(s) 1 through 3 of 3 returned.

☐ 1. Document ID: US 6797501 B2

L8: Entry 1 of 3

File: USPT

Sep 28, 2004

US-PAT-NO: 6797501

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6797501 B2

TITLE: Protein tyrosine phosphatase PTP20 and related products and methods

DATE-ISSUED: September 28, 2004

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

Aoki; Naohita Nagoya JP Ullrich; Axel Martinsried DE

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/194; 435/195, 435/196, 435/252.3, 435/320.1, 530/300, 530/350,

<u>536/23.2</u>

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Secuences Strachments Claims KMC Draw De

☐ 2. Document ID: US 6482605 B1

L8: Entry 2 of 3

File: USPT

Nov 19, 2002

US-PAT-NO: 6482605

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6482605 B1

TITLE: Protein tyrosine phosphatase PTP20 and related products and methods

DATE-ISSUED: November 19, 2002

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

Aoki; Naohito Nagoya JP Ullrich; Axel Martimiried DE

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/21; 435/194, 435/252.3, 435/320.1, 530/350, 536/23.2

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Altachments Claims KWC Draw De

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☐ 3. Document ID: US 6004791 A

L8: Entry 3 of 3

File: USPT

Dec 21, 1999

US-PAT-NO: 6004791

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6004791 A

TITLE: Protein tyrosine phosphatase PTP20 and related products and methods

DATE-ISSUED: December 21, 1999

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME

CITY

STATE ZIP CODE

COUNTRY

<u>Aoki</u>; Naohito

Munich

DE

Ullrich; Axel

Munchen

DE

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/194; 435/196, 435/252.3, 435/320.1, 530/300, 530/350, 536/23.2,

<u>536/24.31</u>

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Search Results - Record(s) 1 through 10 of 63 returned.

☐ 1. Document ID: US 6797513 B2

L12: Entry 1 of 63

File: USPT

Sep 28, 2004

US-PAT-NO: 6797513

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6797513 B2

TITLE: Nucleic acid encoding CLK2 protein kinases

DATE-ISSUED: September 28, 2004

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

Ullrich;AxelMunchenDENayler;OliverGraefehingDE

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/325; 435/194, 435/252.3, 435/254.11, 435/320.1, 435/69.1,

<u>530/300</u>, <u>530/350</u>, <u>536/23.1</u>, <u>536/23.5</u>

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments Claims KMIC Draw De

☐ 2. Document ID: US 6797501 B2

L12: Entry 2 of 63

File: USPT

Sep 28, 2004

US-PAT-NO: 6797501

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6797501 B2

TITLE: Protein tyrosine phosphatase PTP20 and related products and methods

DATE-ISSUED: September 28, 2004

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME · CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

Aoki; Naohita Nagoya JP

Ullrich; Axel Martinsried DE

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/194; 435/195, 435/196, 435/252.3, 435/320.1, 530/300, 530/350,

<u>536/23.2</u>

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments Claims KMC Draw De

h eb b g ee ef e f bb ef b

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☐ 3. Document ID: US 6770742 B1

L12: Entry 3 of 63

File: USPT .

Aug 3, 2004

US-PAT-NO: 6770742

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6770742 B1

TITLE: Use of inhibitors for the treatment of disorders related to RTK

hyperfunction, especially cancer

DATE-ISSUED: August 3, 2004

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

Ullrich;AxelMunichDEBange;JohannesMunichDEKnyazev;PjotrGautingDE

US-CL-CURRENT: <u>530/350</u>; <u>435/320.1</u>, <u>435/325</u>, <u>435/69.1</u>

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments Claims KWC Draw De

4. Document ID: US 6635743 B1

L12: Entry 4 of 63

File: USPT

Oct 21, 2003

US-PAT-NO: 6635743

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6635743 B1

TITLE: Apoptosis inducing molecule II and methods of use

DATE-ISSUED: October 21, 2003

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

Ebner; Reinhard Gaithersburg MD
Yu; Guo-Liang Berkeley CA
Ruben; Steven M. Olney MD
Ullrich; Stephen Rockville MD
Zhai; Yifan Guilford CT

US-CL-CURRENT: 530/388.23; 435/7.1, 530/387.1, 530/387.3, 530/388.1, 530/389.1,

530/389.2, 930/144

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments Claims KMC Draw De

☐ 5. Document ID: US 6579972 B1

L12: Entry 5 of 63

File: USPT

Jun 17, 2003

TWACOMOTICIDATIONS

US-PAT-NO: 6579972

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6579972 B1

TITLE: Extracellular signal-regulated kinase, sequences, and methods of production

and use

DATE-ISSUED: June 17, 2003

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

Lechner; Cornelia Unterschleissheim DE
M.o slashed.ller; Niels Peter Copenhagen DK
Ullrich; Axel Martinsreid DE

US-CL-CURRENT: 530/388.26; 435/7.92, 530/388.1, 530/389.1, 530/809



#### ☐ 6. Document ID: US 6548641 B1

L12: Entry 6 of 63

File: USPT Apr

Apr 15, 2003

US-PAT-NO: 6548641

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6548641 B1

TITLE: PTP 1D: a novel protein tyrosine phosphatase

DATE-ISSUED: April 15, 2003

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

<u>Ullrich</u>; Axel Martinsried bei Muchen DE

Vogel; Wolfgang Germering DE

US-CL-CURRENT: <u>530/387.1</u>; <u>530/350</u>, <u>530/388.1</u>, <u>530/388.26</u>

# Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments Claims KMC Draw De

#### 7. Document ID: US 6541615 B1

L12: Entry 7 of 63 File: USPT Apr 1, 2003

US-PAT-NO: 6541615

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6541615 B1

TITLE: SIRP proteins and uses thereof

DATE-ISSUED: April 1, 2003

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

h eb b g ee ef e f bb ef b e

NAME CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

Ullrich; Axel Munchen DE

Kharitonenkov; Alexei Carmel IN

Chen; Zhengiun Graefelfing DE

US-CL-CURRENT: <u>536/23.1</u>; <u>435/320.1</u>, <u>435/325</u>, <u>435/455</u>, <u>435/6</u>, <u>435/7.1</u>, <u>530/300</u>,

<u>530/350</u>, <u>536/23.6</u>, <u>800/8</u>

Full	Title	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences	Altachments	Claims	KWIC	Drawi De

8. Document ID: US 6506578 B1

L12: Entry 8 of 63

File: USPT

Jan 14, .2003.

US-PAT-NO: 6506578

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6506578 B1

TITLE: Nucelotide encoding megakaryocytic protein tyrosine kinases

DATE-ISSUED: January 14, 2003

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY . STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

Ullrich;AxelPortola ValleyCAGishizky;MikhailPalo AltoCA

Sures; Irman Gard Munich DE

US-CL-CURRENT: 435/69.1; 435/252.3, 435/254.11, 435/320.1, 536/23.1

Full   T	itle	Citation	Front	Review	Classification	Date	Reference	Sequences Diadimons	Claims	KAMC	Draw, De

☐ 9. Document ID: US 6495520 B2

L12: Entry 9 of 63 File: USPT Dec 17, 2002

US-PAT-NO: 6495520

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6495520 B2

TITLE: Apoptosis Inducing Molecule II and methods of use

DATE-ISSUED: December 17, 2002

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME	CITY	STATE	ZIP CODE	COUNTRY	
Ebner; Reinhard	Gaithersburg	MD			
Yu; Guo-Liang	Berkeley	CA		·	
Ruben; Steven M.	Olney	MD			-
Zhang; Jun	Bethesda	MD			
<u>Ullrich</u> ; Stephen	Rockville	MD			

h eb b g ee ef e f bb ef b e

Zhai; Yifan

Gaithersburg

MD

US-CL-CURRENT: 514/12; 530/300, 530/324, 530/350

Full Title Citation Front Review Classification Date Reference Sequences Attachments Claims KWC Draw De

☐ 10. Document ID: US 6492495 B1

L12: Entry 10 of 63

File: USPT

Dec 10, 2002

US-PAT-NO: 6492495

DOCUMENT-IDENTIFIER: US 6492495 B1

TITLE: PTP-S31: a novel protein tyrosine phosphatase

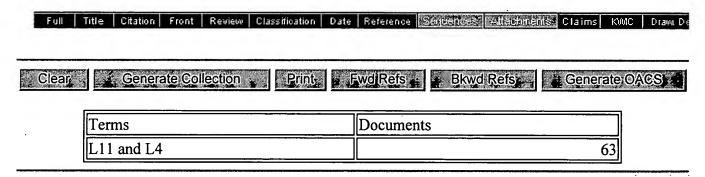
DATE-ISSUED: December 10, 2002

INVENTOR-INFORMATION:

NAME CITY STATE ZIP CODE COUNTRY

Moller; Niels Peter Hundahl Munich DE
Moller; Karin Bach Munich DE
Ullrich; Axel Martinsried bei Munich DE

US-CL-CURRENT: <u>530/387.9</u>; <u>530/388.26</u>



Previous Page Next Page Go to Doc#

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2/7/4 (Item 4 from file: 5)
DIALOG(R) File 5: Biosis Previews(R)
(c) 2004 BIOSIS. All rts. reserv.

0006177174 BIOSIS NO.: 198886017095

COMPARATIVE CHARACTERIZATION OF DNA AND DNA-ASSOCIATED BLOOD PLASMA PROTEINS IN NORMAL SUBJECTS AND LEUKEMIA PATIENTS

AUTHOR: KOZAK V V (Reprint); NEGREI G Z; SHLYAKHOVENKO V A; MIKHAILENK O V M

; KIREEVA S S; BEBESHKO V G

AUTHOR ADDRESS: RE KAVETSKII INST PROBL ONCOL, ACAD SCI UKR SSR, KIEV, USSR

\*\*USSR

JOURNAL: Gematologiya i Transfuziologiya 32 (11): p31-34 1987

ISSN: 0234-5730

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article RECORD TYPE: Abstract LANGUAGE: RUSSIAN

ABSTRACT: Significant variability of DNA levels was detected in the blood

plasma of normal subjects and leukemia patients (from 4 to 38 .mu.g/ml

plasma) with the use of affinity chromatography. The spectrum of DNA-associated blood plasma proteins in each group of subjects has been

presented by the heterogenous population of polypeptide molecules with a

molecular mass from 14 to 250 kD. No differences specific for the leukemia process have been revealed.

2/7/6 (Item 6 from file: 5)
DIALOG(R)File 5:Biosis Previews(R)
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0006058489 BIOSIS NO.: 198885027380

TYPE I AND II INSULIN-LIKE GROWTH FACTOR RECEPTORS ON HUMAN PHYTOHEMAGGLUTININ-ACTIVATED T LYMPHOCYTES

AUTHOR: KOZAK R W (Reprint); HASKELL J F; GREENSTEIN L A; RECHLER M M; WALDMANN T A; NISSLEY S P

AUTHOR ADDRESS: METABOLISM BRANCH, NATL CANCER INST, NATL INST DIABETE S

DIGESTIVE KIDNEY DISEASES, BETHESDA, MD 20892, USA\*\*USA

JOURNAL: Cellular Immunology 109 (2): p318-331 1987

ISSN: 0008-8749

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article RECORD TYPE: Abstract

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

ABSTRACT: Human T cells activated with mitogens, antigens, or antibodies to

the T-cell receptor complex acquire a cascade of new receptors, including

the receptors for interleukin-2, transferrin, and insulin. We investigated whether receptors for insulin-like growth factors (IGF) also

were expressed on activated T cells. Based on competitive binding studies, immunoprecipitation of labeled cell surface receptors and blocking of radiolabeled peptide binding by a specific monoclonal antibody (.alpha.IR-3) to the type I IGF receptor, as well as affining

crosslinking of radiolabeled peptides to their receptors, we concluded

that both type I and II IGF receptors are expressed on activated T c ells.

A specific binding site for IGF-II also was observed on the type I I GF

receptor which was not inhibited by .alpha.IR-3. Receptors for IGF were

more numerous on activated T cells than on resting T cells, and their

peak expression appeared by the peak of DNA synthesis. Thus, human activated T cells were shown to express both type I and II IGF receptors

which could potentially play a role in the regulation of T-cell proliferation, differentiation, and function.

2/7/7 (Item 7 from file: 5)
DIALOG(R)File 5:Biosis Previews(R)
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0005766081 BIOSIS NO.: 198784120230

DIVERSE WILD MOUSE ORIGINS OF XENOTROPIC MINK CELL FOCUS-FORMING AND TWO

TYPES OF ECOTROPIC PROVIRAL GENES

AUTHOR: KOZAK C A (Reprint); O'NEILL R R

AUTHOR ADDRESS: LAB MOL MICROBIOL, NATL INST ALLERGY INFECTIOUS DISEAS ES,

BETHESDA, MD 20892, USA\*\*USA

JOURNAL: Journal of Virology 61 (10): p3082-3088 1987

ISSN: 0022-538X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article RECORD TYPE: Abstract

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

ABSTRACT: We analyzed wild mouse DNAs for the number and type of provi

genes related to the env sequences of various murine leukemia viruse

(MuLVs). Only Mus species closely related to laboratory mice carried these retroviral sequences, and the different subclasses of viral en

genes tended to be restricted to specific taxonomic groups. Only Mus musculus molossinus carried proviral genes which cross-reacted with the

inbred mouse ecotropic MuLV env gene. The ecotropic viral env sequence

associated with the Fv-4 resistance gene was found in the Asian mice M.

musculus molossinus and Mus musculus castaneus and in California mic

from Lake Casitas (LC). Both M. musculus castaneus and LC mice carried

many additional Fv-4 env-related proviruses, two of which are common to

both mouse populations, which suggests that these mice share a recent

common ancestry. Xenotropic and mink cell focus-forming (MCF) virus env

sequences were more widely dispersed in wild mice than the ecotropic viral env genes, which suggests that nonecotropic MuLVs were integrated

into the Mus germ line at an earlier date. Xenotropic MuLVs represented

the major component of MuLV env-reactive genes in Asian and eastern European mice classified as M. musculus molossinus, M. musculus castaneus, and Mus musculus musculus, whereas Mus musculus domesticu

from western Europe, the Mediterranean, and North America contained almost exclusively MCF virus env copies. M. musculus musculus mice from

central Europe trapped near the M. musculus domesticus/M. musculus musculus hybrid zone carried multiple copies of both types of env ge nes.

LC mice also carried both xenotropic and MCF viral env genes, which is

consistent with the above conclusion that they represent natural hybrids

of M. musculus domesticus and M. musculus castaneus.

DIALOG(R) File 5:Biosis Previews(R)

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0005764355 BIOSIS NO.: 198784118504

AT LEAST SIX NUCLEOTIDES PRECEDING THE AUG INITIATOR CODON ENHANCE TRANSLATION IN MAMMALIAN CELLS

AUTHOR: KOZAK M (Reprint)

AUTHOR ADDRESS: DEP BIOLOGICAL SCI, UNIV PITTSBURGH, PITTSBURGH, PA 15

USA\*\*USA

JOURNAL: Journal of Molecular Biology 196 (4): p947-950 1987

ISSN: 0022-2836

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article RECORD TYPE: Abstract LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

ABSTRACT: Sequences flanking the AUG initiator codon influence its recognition by eukaryotic ribosomes. From a comparison of several hu ndred

mRNA sequences, CCGACCAUGG emerged as the consensus sequence for initiation in higher eukaryotes. Systematic mutagenesis of a cloned preproinsulin gene confirmed the facilitating effect of A or G in position -3 (i.e. 3 nucleotides upstream from the AUG codon), C in positions -1 and -2, and G immediately following the AUG codon. The analysis of a new set of mutants now reveals that sequences slightly farther upstream are also influential, the optimal context for initi. ation

being (GCC) GCCGACCAUGG. Possible mechanistic implications of the repeating GCC motif are discussed.

2/7/9 (Item 9 from file: 5)

DIALOG(R) File 5:Biosis Previews(R)

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0005764271 BIOSIS NO.: 198784118420

EFFECTS OF INTERCISTRONIC LENGTH ON THE EFFICIENCY OF REINITIATION BY EUKARYOTIC RIBOSOMES

AUTHOR: KOZAK M (Reprint)

AUTHOR ADDRESS: DEP BIOL SCI, UNIV PITTSB, PITTSBURGH, PA 15260, USA\*\*

JOURNAL: Molecular and Cellular Biology 7 (10): p3438-3445 1987

ISSN: 0270-7306

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article RECORD TYPE: Abstract LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

preproinsulin during short-term transfection of COS cells have been used

to probe the mechanism of reinitiation by eucaryotic ribosomes. Earl ier

studies from several laboratories had established that the ability t

reinitiate translation at an internal AUG codon depends on having a terminator codon in frame with the preceding AUG triplet and upstrea

from the intended restart site. In the present studies, the position of

the upstream terminator codon relative to the preproinsulin restart site

has been systematically varied. The efficiency of reinitiation progressively improved as the intercistronic sequence was lengthened

When the upstream "minicistron" terminated 79 nucleotides before the preproinsulin start site, the synthesis of proinsulin was as efficient as

if there were no upstream AUG codons. A mechanism is postulated that might account for this result, which is somewhat surprising inasmuch as

bacterial ribosomes reinitate less efficiently as the intercistronic gap

is widened.

2/7/13 (Item 13 from file: 5)
DIALOG(R)File 5:Biosis Previews(R)
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0005667273 BIOSIS NO.: 198784021422

A STANDARDIZED NOMENCLATURE FOR ENDOGENOUS MOUSE MAMMARY TUMOR VIRUSES AUTHOR: KOZAK C (Reprint); PETERS G; PAULEY R; MORRIS V; MICHALIDES R; DUDLEY J; GREEN M; DAVISSON M; PRAKASH O; ET AL

AUTHOR ADDRESS: LAB MOLECULAR MICROBIOLOGY, NATIONAL INST ALLERGY AND INFECTIOUS DISEASES, NATIONAL INST HEALTH, BETHESDA, MARYLAND 20892, USA

\*\*USA

JOURNAL: Journal of Virology 61 (5): p1651-1654 1987

ISSN: 0022-538X

DOCUMENT TYPE: Article RECORD TYPE: Abstract

LANGUAGE: ENGLISH

ABSTRACT: We propose a revised standardized nomenclature for endogenous

mouse mammary tumor viruses based on characterization by molecular

cloning techniques and genetic segregation data.

2/7/22 (Item 1 from file: 155) DIALOG(R) File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2004 The Dialog Corp. All rts. reserv. 07667054 PMID: 3480841 [Comparative characteristics of DNA and DNA-associated plasma protei ns in the normal state and in leukemia] Sravnitel'naia kharakteristika DNK i sviazannykh s nei belkov p lazmv krovi v norme i pri leikoze. Kozak V V; Negrei G Z; Shliakhovenko V A; Mikhailenko V M; Kireeva S S Gematologiia i transfuziologiia (USSR) Nov 1987, 32 (11)ISSN 0234-5730 Journal Code: 8301796 Document type: Journal Article ; English Abstract Languages: RUSSIAN Main Citation Owner: NLM Record type: Completed Record Date Created: 19880318 Record Date Completed: 19880318 2/7/23 (Item 2 from file: 155) DIALOG(R) File 155: MEDLINE(R) (c) format only 2004 The Dialog Corp. All rts. reserv. 07620368 PMID: 3683388 Effects of intercistronic length on the efficiency of reinitiati on by eucaryotic ribosomes. Department of Biological Sciences, University of Pittsburgh, Pennsyl vania 15260. Molecular and cellular biology (UNITED Oct 1987, 7 STATES) (10)p3438-45, ISSN 0270-7306 Journal Code: 8109087 Contract/Grant No.: GM 33915; GM; NIGMS Document type: Journal Article Languages: ENGLISH Main Citation Owner: NLM Record type: Completed Simian virus 40-based plasmids that direct the synthesis of preproin

<del>sulin</del>

during short-term transfection of COS cells have been used to prob e the

mechanism of reinitiation by eucaryotic ribosomes. Earlier studies from

several laboratories had established that the ability of ribosom es to

reinitiate translation at an internal AUG codon depends on having a

terminator codon in frame with the preceding AUG triplet and upstream from

the intended restart site. In the present studies, the position of the

upstream terminator codon relative to the preproinsulin restart sit e has

been systematically varied. The efficiency of reinitiation progress ively

improved as the intercistronic sequence was lengthened. When the ups tream

"minicistron" terminated 79 nucleotides before the preproinsulin start

site, the synthesis of proinsulin was as efficient as if there we re no

upstream AUG codons. A mechanism is postulated that might account for this

result, which is somewhat surprising inasmuch as bacterial ribo somes

reinitiate less efficiently as the intercistronic gap is widened.

Record Date Created: 19880119
Record Date Completed: 19880119